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NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE AND FEE(S) DUE

826

7590

04/22/2009

ALSTON & BIRD LLP BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA 101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000 EXAMINER

ROSEN, NICHOLAS D

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

3625

DATE MAILED: 04/22/2009

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/528,528	03/18/2005	Hee-Jung Ahn	038779/290107	8327

TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD FOR CIRCULATING AN ELECTRONIC GIFT CERTIFICATE IN ONLINE AND OFFLINE SYSTEM

APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DUE	PREV. PAID ISSUE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1510	\$300	\$0	\$1810	07/22/2009

THE APPLICATION IDENTIFIED ABOVE HAS BEEN EXAMINED AND IS ALLOWED FOR ISSUANCE AS A PATENT. PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS CLOSED. THIS NOTICE OF ALLOWANCE IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RIGHTS. THIS APPLICATION IS SUBJECT TO WITHDRAWAL FROM ISSUE AT THE INITIATIVE OF THE OFFICE OR UPON PETITION BY THE APPLICANT. SEE 37 CFR 1.313 AND MPEP 1308.

THE ISSUE FEE AND PUBLICATION FEE (IF REQUIRED) MUST BE PAID WITHIN THREE MONTHS FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS NOTICE OR THIS APPLICATION SHALL BE REGARDED AS ABANDONED. THIS STATUTORY PERIOD CANNOT BE EXTENDED. SEE 35 U.S.C. 151. THE ISSUE FEE DUE INDICATED ABOVE DOES NOT REFLECT A CREDIT FOR ANY PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE IN THIS APPLICATION. IF AN ISSUE FEE HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN PAID IN THIS APPLICATION (AS SHOWN ABOVE), THE RETURN OF PART B OF THIS FORM WILL BE CONSIDERED A REQUEST TO REAPPLY THE PREVIOUSLY PAID ISSUE FEE TOWARD THE ISSUE FEE NOW DUE.

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CHARLOTTE,	NC 28280-4000		Γ				(Depositor's name)
			Γ				(Signature)
							(Date)
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTO)R	ATTC	RNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/528,528	03/18/2005		Hee-Jung Ahn			038779/290107	8327
TITLE OF INVENTION	: METHOD FOR CIRC	ULATING AN ELECTR	ONIC GIFT CERTIFICA	ATE IN ONLINE AI	ND OFI	FLINE SYSTEM	
APPLN. TYPE	SMALL ENTITY	ISSUE FEE DUE	PUBLICATION FEE DU	E PREV. PAID ISSU	JE FEE	TOTAL FEE(S) DUE	DATE DUE
nonprovisional	NO	\$1510	\$300	\$0		\$1810	07/22/2009
EXAM	IINER	ART UNIT	CLASS-SUBCLASS	7			
ROSEN, NI	CHOLAS D	3625	705-026000	_			
 Change of correspondence address or indication of "Fee Address" (37 CFR 1.363). Change of correspondence address (or Change of Correspondence Address form PTO/SB/122) attached. "Fee Address" indication (or "Fee Address" Indication form PTO/SB/47; Rev 03-02 or more recent) attached. Use of a Customer Number is required. ASSIGNEE NAME AND RESIDENCE DATA TO BE PRINTED ON 			or agents OR, alterna (2) the name of a sin registered attorney o 2 registered patent at listed, no name will I	mes of up to 3 registered patent attorneys OR, alternatively, me of a single firm (having as a member a attorney or agent) and the names of up to ed patent attorneys or agents. If no name is name will be printed.			
recordation as set fort (A) NAME OF ASSI	h in 37 CFR 3.11.Comp GNEE	oletion of this form is NO	T a substitute for filing a	n assignment. TY and STATE OR	COUNT	TRY)	ocument has been filed for
Please check the appropr	iate assignee category or	categories (will not be pa	rinted on the patent):	I Individual □ C	Corporat	ion or other private gro	up entity 🖵 Government
4a. The following fee(s) ☐ Issue Fee	are submitted:	4	b. Payment of Fee(s): (Pl A check is enclosed		ny prev	viously paid issue fee s	shown above)
☐ Publication Fee (No small entity discount permitted)			Payment by credit card. Form PTO-2038 is attached.				
Advance Order - # of Copies			The Director is hereby authorized to charge the required fee(s), any deficiency, or credit any overpayment, to Deposit Account Number (enclose an extra copy of this form).				
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interest as shown by the	records of the United Sta	ites Patent and Trademark	COffice.	i die applicant, a reg	, istore a	attorney of agent, of the	e and give of other party in
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/528,528	03/18/2005	Hee-Jung Ahn	038779/290107	8327	
826 75	590 04/22/2009		EXAMINER		
ALSTON & BIRD LLP			ROSEN, NI	CHOLAS D	
BANK OF AMERICA PLAZA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
101 SOUTH TRYON STREET, SUITE 4000 CHARLOTTE, NC 28280-4000			3625	0	

Determination of Patent Term Adjustment under 35 U.S.C. 154 (b)

(application filed on or after May 29, 2000)

The Patent Term Adjustment to date is 455 day(s). If the issue fee is paid on the date that is three months after the mailing date of this notice and the patent issues on the Tuesday before the date that is 28 weeks (six and a half months) after the mailing date of this notice, the Patent Term Adjustment will be 455 day(s).

If a Continued Prosecution Application (CPA) was filed in the above-identified application, the filing date that determines Patent Term Adjustment is the filing date of the most recent CPA.

Applicant will be able to obtain more detailed information by accessing the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) WEB site (http://pair.uspto.gov).

Any questions regarding the Patent Term Extension or Adjustment determination should be directed to the Office of Patent Legal Administration at (571)-272-7702. Questions relating to issue and publication fee payments should be directed to the Customer Service Center of the Office of Patent Publication at 1-(888)-786-0101 (571)-272-4200.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/529 529	AUN HEE HING	
Notice of Allowability	10/528,528 Examiner	AHN, HEE-JUNG Art Unit	
	Niehalas D. Dasan	2025	
	Nicholas D. Rosen	3625	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app All claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85 NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT R of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	6 (OR REMAINS) CLOSED in) or other appropriate common RIGHTS. This application is s	n this application. If not included unication will be mailed in due course.	
1. \boxtimes This communication is responsive to <u>the amendment of M</u>	<u>1arch 10, 2009</u> .		
2. 🔀 The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1-27</u> .			
 3. Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority u a) All b) Some* c) None of the: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have 		or (f).	
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	e been received in Application	on No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been receive	d in this national stage application fron	n the
International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).			
* Certified copies not received:			
Applicant has THREE MONTHS FROM THE "MAILING DATE" noted below. Failure to timely comply will result in ABANDONN THIS THREE-MONTH PERIOD IS NOT EXTENDABLE.		a reply complying with the requireme	nts
4. A SUBSTITUTE OATH OR DECLARATION must be subm INFORMAL PATENT APPLICATION (PTO-152) which giv			OF
5. CORRECTED DRAWINGS (as "replacement sheets") mu	st be submitted.		
(a) 🔲 including changes required by the Notice of Draftsper	son's Patent Drawing Review	v (PTO-948) attached	
1) 🗌 hereto or 2) 🔲 to Paper No./Mail Date	<u>.</u> .		
(b) ☐ including changes required by the attached ExaminerPaper No./Mail Date	's Amendment / Comment or	in the Office action of	
Identifying indicia such as the application number (see 37 CFR each sheet. Replacement sheet(s) should be labeled as such in			f
 DEPOSIT OF and/or INFORMATION about the depo- attached Examiner's comment regarding REQUIREMENT 			
Attachment(s) 1. ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	5 🗖 Notice of In	formal Patent Application	
 Notice of References Cited (FTO-692) Dotice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 		ummary (PTO-413),	
 Information Disclosure Statements (PTO/SB/08), 	Paper No.	/Mail Date Amendment/Comment	
Paper No./Mail Date4. ☐ Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit		Statement of Reasons for Allowance	
of Biological Material	9. ☐ Other		
/Nicholas D. Rosen/			
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3625			

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-27 have been examined.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-4 and 24 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The closest prior art of record, Messner (U.S. Patent 6,370,514), discloses a gift certificate service system for managing sales, gifting, and usage of electronic gift certificates according to a request by a user's communication terminal through a network, comprising: a gift certificate service server for managing purchase, gifting, and usage operations on the electronic gift certificates from the communication terminal (Abstract; column 3, lines 4-20); and a gift certificate database, accessed by the gift certificate service server, for storing electronic gift certificate information, and processing a reply to an inquiry of electronic gift certificate usage from the gift certificate service server (ibid.; column 1, lines 19-33). Messner does not expressly disclose a distinct network server, accessed by the gift certificate server and accessing the user's communication terminal, but does disclose a voucher server which users' communication terminal access, and which accesses other servers, including merchants' gift certificate servers (Figure 3; column 5, lines 31-40; column 7, lines 18-43). Messner does not expressly disclose this voucher server/network server performing a client interface function with the purchase, gifting, and usage of the electronic gift certificates, and transmitting the user's gift certificate purchase particulars and gift certificate information for usage of the corresponding gift

certificate to the communication terminal, but does disclose a personal computer or other communication terminal of the user (column 5, lines 31-40; column 7, lines 17-27; Figure 3), and it is well known to transmit information on purchase particulars to users' personal computers or other communication terminals to perform client interface functions, as taught, for example, by Melero et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0111879) (paragraphs 54 and 59).

Messner does not expressly disclose storing electronic gift certificate information prior to transferring the gift certificate to a transferee, but Neofytides et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0152176) teaches storing gift certificates or other stored value instruments prior to transferring them to transferees (paragraph 22).

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate is a multimedia message including barcode data, but Sliwa ("Retailers Mull Pulling Plug on E-Commerce") teaches emailing bar-coded gift certificates (paragraph beginning, "The Reynoldsburg, Ohio-based women's apparel retailer"), implying messages that include barcode data, and multimedia messages are well known as taught, for example, by Aho et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2001/0039589) (paragraph 6). Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate information stored by the gift certificate database includes at least one of a gifting history of the gift certificates or a usage history of the gift certificates, but Benston ("Retailers Report Problems Verifying Gift Certificate Cards") teaches maintaining gift certificate histories on a computer, which from context appears to include at least one of a gifting history or a usage history (paragraph beginning, "An advantage of the cards, other than", et subseq.). However,

Page 4

neither Messner, Sliwa, nor any other prior art of record discloses that the network server is responsive to use of the electronic gift certificate occasioned by displaying the barcode data on the communications terminal. Kitaura et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0091569) discloses an electronic coupon system wherein coupon barcodes can be displayed using cellular phones (see, e.g., paragraphs 115-118), but this is not the same as the recited claim limitation.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Claims 5-9 and 27 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The closest prior art of record, Messner (U.S. Patent 6,370,514), discloses an electronic gift certificate circulating method, comprising: (a) receiving a user's purchase request from the communication terminal (column 7, line 45, through column 8, line 58); (c) settling the electronic gift certificate, and issuing the electronic gift certificate to the user, when the user requests settlement (column 8, line 59, through column 9, line 17); and (d) storing issued gift certificate information in a gift certificate database (column 9, line 66, through column 10, line 37). Messner does not expressly disclose (e) notifying the user of the gift certificate purchase particulars and gift certificate information for usage in a message format (although Messner does disclose notifying the user of the delivery or

non-delivery of the gift certificate to a recipient, as well as notifying a recipient of a gift certificate [column 9, lines 51-65]), but it is well known to notify users of purchase particulars, as taught, for example, by Melero et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0111879) (paragraphs 54 and 59).

Messner does not expressly disclose (b) checking a settlement state of the electronic gift certificate bought by the user, but Lindquist (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2003/0018553) teaches checking a settlement state of an electronic gift certificate bought by a user (paragraph 46).

Messner does not expressly disclose storing issued gift certificate information in the gift certificate database prior to transferring the gift certificate to a transferee, but Neofytides et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0152176) teaches storing gift certificates or other stored value instruments in a database prior to transferring them to transferees (paragraph 22).

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate information stored by the gift certificate database includes at least one of gifting history of the gift certificates and usage history of the gift certificates, but Benston ("Retailers Report Problems Verifying Gift Certificate Cards") teaches maintaining gift certificate histories on a computer, which from context appears to include at least one of gifting history and usage history (paragraph beginning, "An advantage of the cards, other than", et subseq.).

However, Messner does not disclose that the communication terminal displays barcode data upon use of the electronic gift certificate, and neither does any other prior

art of record. In particular, Sliwa ("Retailers Mull Pulling Plug on E-Commerce"), discloses emailing bar-coded gift certificates to customers, and Kitaura et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0091569) discloses an electronic coupon system wherein coupon barcodes can be displayed using cellular phones (see, e.g., paragraphs 115-118), but this is not the same as the recited claim limitation.

Furthermore, because claim 5 is a method claim, it has been examined for qualifying as statutory under 35 U.S.C. 101, in light of In re Bilski et al, 88 USPQ 2d 1385 CAFC (2008); Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876). Because claim 5 is tied to a particular machine, the communication terminal, and could not be performed as purely mental steps, it is held to be statutory.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Claims 10-14 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The closest prior art of record, Messner (U.S. Patent 6,370,514), discloses an electronic gift certificate circulating method, comprising: (a) receiving a user's gifting request from a communication terminal (column 7, line 45, through column 8, line 58); receiving

information on the gift certificate to be gifted and a transferee when the user's gift certificate, or a gift certificate purchasable by the user, is found (column 7, line 51, through column 8, line 68); and (d) transmitting the gift certificate selected by the user to the transferee (column 8, lines 36-58; column 9, lines 51-65); and Messner implies (e) updating the user's gift certificate information (e.g., by informing the user of the delivery or non-delivery of the gift certificate, column 9, lines 51-65) and storing updated information in a gift certificate database together with the transferee's gift certificate information (column 10, lines 21-57). Messner does not expressly disclose (b) inquiring an existence state of the gift certificate possessed by the user of the gift certificate database, and determining the existence state, but Cheong (U.S. Patent 7,006,993) discloses inquiring and determining the existence state of a gift certificate possessed by the user of the gift certificate database (column 11, lines 54-67).

Messner does not expressly disclose (f) notifying the user of the gift certificate gifting information in a message format (although Messner does disclose notifying the user of the delivery or non-delivery of the gift certificate to a recipient, column 9, lines 51-65), but it is well known to notify users of relevant information on purchases, as taught, for example, by Melero et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0111879) (paragraphs 54 and 59).

Messner does not expressly determining the existence state of the gift certificate prior to transferring the gift certificate to a transferee, but Neofytides et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0152176) teaches storing gift certificates or other stored value instruments in a database prior to transferring them to transferees (paragraph 22),

which implies determining their existence, since non-existent certificates cannot properly be transferred.

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate is a multimedia message including barcode data, but Sliwa ("Retailers Mull Pulling Plug on E-Commerce") teaches emailing bar-coded gift certificates (paragraph beginning, "The Reynoldsburg, Ohio-based women's apparel retailer"), implying messages that include barcode data, and multimedia messages are well known, as taught, for example, by Aho et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2001/0039589) (paragraph 6).

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate information includes at least one of a gifting history of the gift certificates and a usage history of the gift certificates, but Benston ("Retailers Report Problems Verifying Gift Certificate Cards") teaches maintaining gift certificate histories on a computer, which from context appears to include at least one of gifting history and usage history (paragraph beginning, "An advantage of the cards, other than", et subseq.).

However, Messner does not disclose that the communication terminal displays barcode data upon use of the electronic gift certificate, and neither does any other prior art of record. In particular, Sliwa discloses emailing bar-coded gift certificates to customers, and Kitaura et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0091569) discloses an electronic coupon system wherein coupon barcodes can be displayed using cellular phones (see, e.g., paragraphs 115-118), but this is not the same as the recited claim limitation.

Furthermore, because claim 10 is a method claim, it has been examined for qualifying as statutory under 35 U.S.C. 101, in light of In re Bilski et al, 88 USPQ 2d 1385 CAFC (2008); Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876). Because claim 10 is tied to a particular machine, the communication terminal, and could not be performed as purely mental steps, it is held to be statutory.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Claims 15-23, 25, and 26 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The closest prior art of record, Messner (U.S. Patent 6,370,514), discloses an electronic gift certificate circulating method, comprising: (a) receiving a request for usage from a user of the system via a communications terminal (column 7, lines 18-43; column 9, line 66, through column 10, line 20); (b) inquiring the gift certificate database of an existence state of the gift certificate possessed by the user (column 10, lines 21-37); (c) settling the price with the gift certificate and determining whether the settlement is possible (column 10, lines 28-57); (d) processing the settlement on the price information when a settlement is possible (column 10, lines 28-57), (e) updating the settlement information,

Application/Control Number: 10/528,528 Page 10

Art Unit: 3625

and storing the updated information in the gift certificate database (column 10, lines 28-57, especially lines 38-43); and (f) notifying the user of the gift certificate usage information in a message format (column 10, lines 28-57, especially lines 38-43). Messner does not expressly disclose that the usage request is selected by the user from among the gift certificate information stored in the communication terminal, but does disclose delivering messages regarding a gift certificate to a recipient, by email or other means (column 9, lines 51-65). It is well known to store received emails in the communication terminals of recipients, which would result in gift certificate information being stored in the communication terminal.

Messner does not expressly determining the existence state of the gift certificate prior to transferring the gift certificate to a transferee, but Neofytides teaches storing gift certificates or other stored value instruments in a database prior to transferring them to transferees (paragraph 22), which implies determining their existence, since non-existent certificates cannot properly be transferred.

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate is a multimedia message including barcode data, but Sliwa ("Retailers Mull Pulling Plug on E-Commerce") teaches emailing bar-coded gift certificates (paragraph beginning, "The Reynoldsburg, Ohio-based women's apparel retailer"), implying messages that include barcode data, and multimedia messages are well known as taught, for example, by Aho et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2001/0039589) (paragraph 6).

Messner does not expressly disclose that the electronic gift certificate information stored by the gift certificate database includes at least one of a gifting history of the gift

certificates and a usage history of the gift certificates, but Benston ("Retailers Report Problems Verifying Gift Certificate Cards") teaches maintaining gift certificate histories on a computer, which from context appears to include at least one of a gifting history and a usage history (paragraph beginning, "An advantage of the cards, other than", et subseq.).

However, Messner does not disclose that settling the price with the gift certificate and determining whether the settlement is possible comprises presenting the gift certificate by displaying barcode data on the communication terminal, and neither does any other prior art of record. In particular, Sliwa discloses emailing bar-coded gift certificates to customers, and Kitaura et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0091569) discloses an electronic coupon system wherein coupon barcodes can be displayed using cellular phones (see, e.g., paragraphs 115-118), but this is not quite the same as the recited claim limitation. In Kitaura, coupons are presented, rather than gift certificates, and the presentation does not appear to settle the whole price; and determining the existence state of such a coupon, as in Kitaura, would not involve a gifting history or usage history, since coupons do not have a gifting history or usage history in the same sense as gift certificates.

Furthermore, because claim 15 is a method claim, it has been examined for qualifying as statutory under 35 U.S.C. 101, in light of In re Bilski et al, 88 USPQ 2d 1385 CAFC (2008); Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876). Because claim 15 is tied to a particular machine,

the communication terminal, and could not be performed as purely mental steps, it is held to be statutory.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Christensen et al. (U.S. Patent 5,710,886) disclose an electric couponing method and apparatus. Kitaura et al. (U.S. Patent Application Publication 2002/0091569) disclose an electronic coupon system.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nicholas D. Rosen, whose telephone number is 571-272-6762. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM, M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey A. Smith, can be reached on 571-272-6763. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Non-official/draft communications can be faxed to the examiner at 571-273-6762.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Application/Control Number: 10/528,528 Page 13

Art Unit: 3625

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Nicholas D. Rosen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3625 April 21, 2009